

## Using a DataSet in VisualAPL

This example provides the source code for a simple VisualAPL Console Project built in Visual Studio 2008 which illustrates the use of a DataSet.

A “using System.Data;” directive has been included so that DataSet, DataTable, DataRow and DataColumn will be defined.

A single example table (#0) is defined in the DataSet and two columns (“ID” and “Name”) are defined in the table.

The first loop sets the five rows of table #0 in the DataSet.

The second loop illustrates the use of the “foreach{...}” iterator to display the values of the rows of table #0 of the DataSet.

The third loop illustrates the use of the “for{...}” iterator to display the same values. Note that the traditional APL “:FOR ... :ENDFOR” control structure could have been used in place of the .Net-style “for{...}” loop control structure. The third loop also illustrates the assignment of APL variables with values in the rows of table #0 of the DataSet.

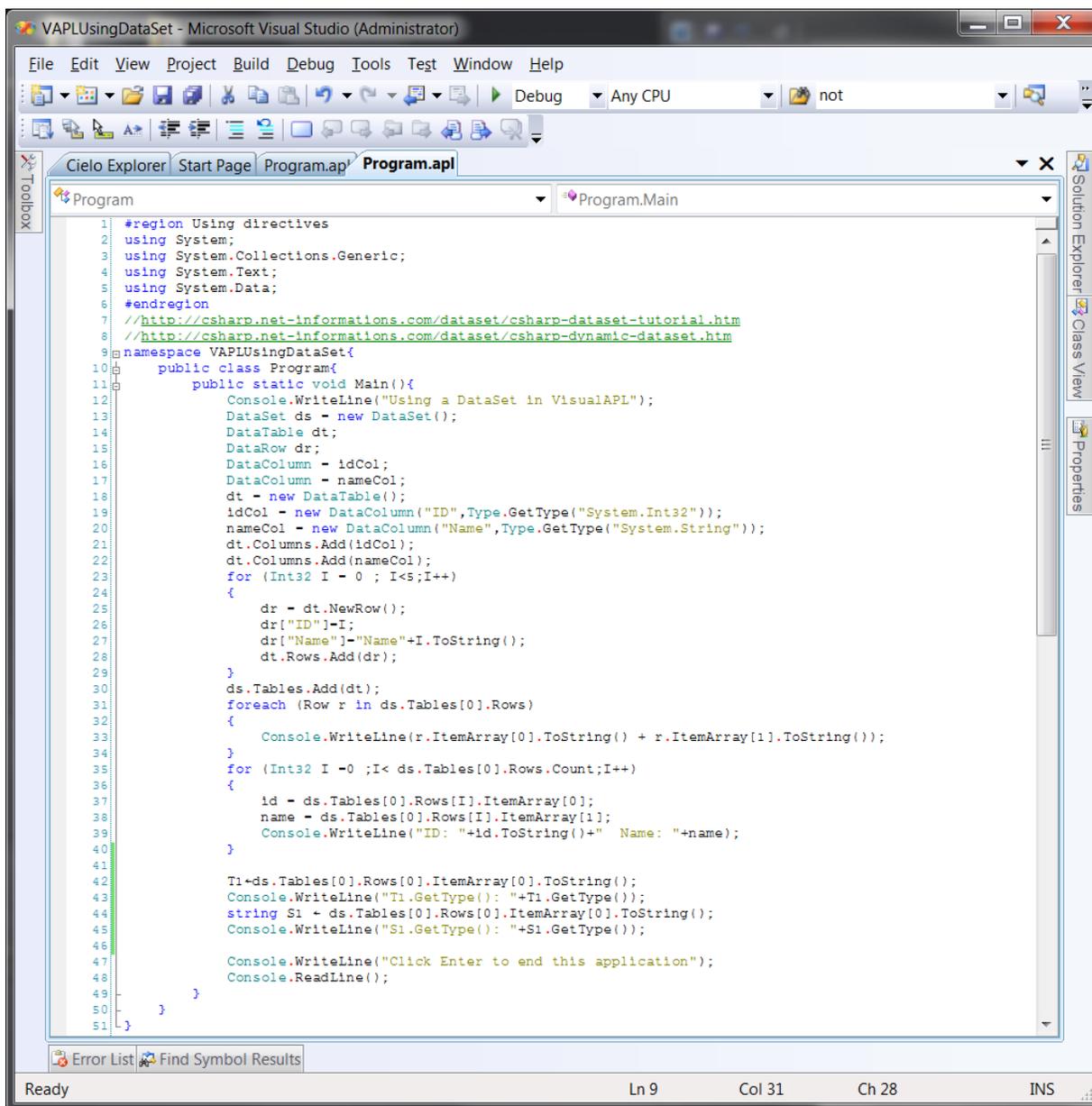
The assignment of T1 and S1 illustrate the use of dynamically- and strongly-typed variables respectively.

The source code for this simple example was obtained from:

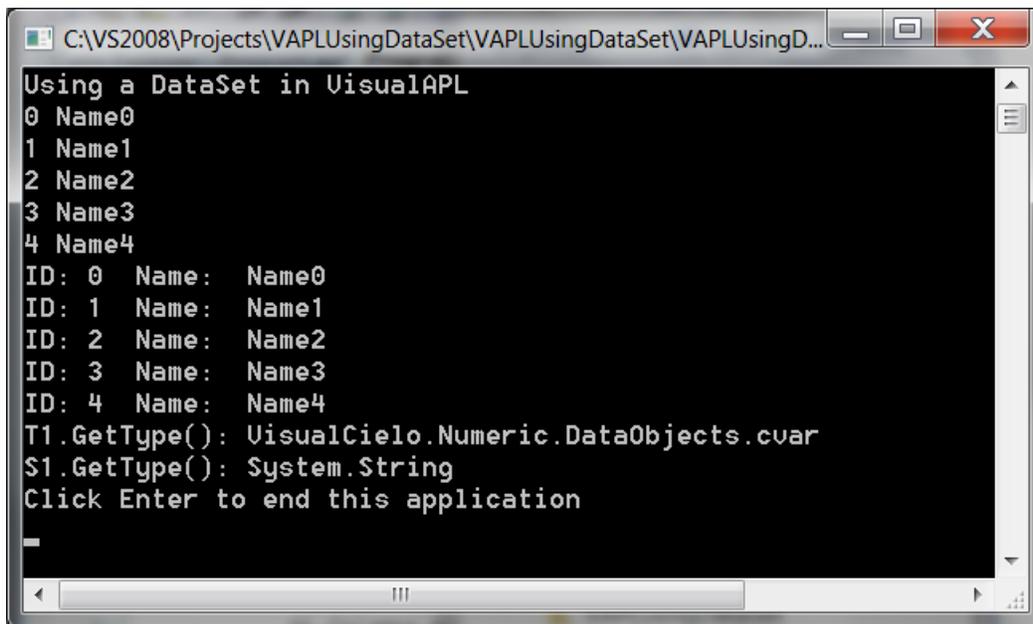
<http://csharp.net-informations.com/dataset/csharp-dataset-tutorial.htm>

<http://csharp.net-informations.com/dataset/csharp-dynamic-dataset.htm>

There is a wealth of documentation on .Net DataSet usage on the Internet. Try searching for “C# DataSet” for more links of interest.



When this project is run, the console display is as follows:



```
C:\VS2008\Projects\VAPLUsingDataSet\VAPLUsingDataSet\VAPLUsingD...
Using a DataSet in VisualAPL
0 Name0
1 Name1
2 Name2
3 Name3
4 Name4
ID: 0 Name: Name0
ID: 1 Name: Name1
ID: 2 Name: Name2
ID: 3 Name: Name3
ID: 4 Name: Name4
T1.GetType(): VisualCielo.Numeric.DataObjects.cvar
S1.GetType(): System.String
Click Enter to end this application
```

Notice that the T1 variable because it was not strongly-typed is instantiated as a dynamically-typed Cielo variable even though the `.ToString()` operator is used to establish its value. However the S1 variable with the same value is instantiated as a strongly-typed string variable.